

From Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0: A Paradigm Shift

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Abstract

The transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0 marks a significant evolution in industrial development, emphasizing not only technological advancement but also human well-being, sustainability, and resilience. While Industry 4.0 focused on automation, data exchange, and smart systems driven by technologies such as Artificial Intelligence and the Internet of Things, Industry 5.0 reintroduces the human element into production systems. It promotes collaboration between humans and machines, aiming for personalized production, ethical innovation, and environmental sustainability. This chapter explores the paradigm shift by analyzing the conceptual differences, emerging opportunities, and challenges associated with Industry 5.0. It further highlights the implications for industries, workforce transformation, and sustainable development, aligning with global frameworks such as the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. The study contributes to a deeper understanding of how the integration of human intelligence with advanced technologies can create a balanced and inclusive industrial ecosystem.

Keywords: Industry 4.0, Industry 5.0, Human-Centric Approach, Artificial Intelligence, Internet of Things, Sustainability, Smart Manufacturing, Digital Transformation, Circular Economy, Sustainable Development Goals

Introduction

The industrial landscape has undergone a series of transformative phases, beginning with mechanization and evolving through electrification and digitalization. The emergence of Industry 4.0 represented a major breakthrough characterized by cyber-physical systems, automation, and real-time data analytics. Technologies such as Artificial Intelligence, robotics, and the Internet of Things enabled smart factories that improved efficiency, productivity, and operational accuracy.

However, despite its technological sophistication, Industry 4.0 has been criticized for its limited focus on human values, social inclusion, and environmental sustainability. This gap

has led to the emergence of Industry 5.0, which seeks to harmonize technological innovation with human creativity and societal well-being. Industry 5.0 emphasizes collaboration between humans and intelligent machines, fostering a more inclusive and sustainable industrial environment. The concept of Industry 5.0 extends beyond productivity and efficiency to incorporate ethical considerations, worker empowerment, and ecological responsibility. It aligns industrial growth with broader societal goals, including those outlined in the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. By integrating human intelligence with advanced digital technologies, Industry 5.0 aims to create resilient systems capable of addressing complex global challenges such as climate change, resource scarcity, and economic inequality. Thus, the transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0 represents not merely a technological upgrade but a fundamental shift in industrial philosophy moving from automation-driven systems to human-centered innovation.

Rationale of the Study

The rapid advancement of digital technologies has significantly reshaped industrial processes and economic structures. While Industry 4.0 has enhanced productivity and efficiency, it has also raised concerns regarding job displacement, reduced human involvement, and environmental degradation. These limitations necessitate a shift toward a more balanced and sustainable industrial approach. The emergence of Industry 5.0 addresses these concerns by integrating human creativity with machine efficiency. Understanding this transition is essential for policymakers, researchers, and industry practitioners to design strategies that promote inclusive growth, sustainable development, and technological responsibility. This study is undertaken to examine the need for this paradigm shift and to explore how Industry 5.0 can bridge the gaps left by Industry 4.0.

Objectives of the Study

The present study is guided by the following objectives:

1. To examine the evolution from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0
2. To analyze the key characteristics and principles of Industry 5.0
3. To identify the limitations of Industry 4.0 that led to the emergence of Industry 5.0
4. To explore the role of human-machine collaboration in Industry 5.0
5. To assess the implications of Industry 5.0 for sustainability and economic development

Scope of the Study

This study focuses on the conceptual and theoretical aspects of the transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0. It covers key dimensions such as technological innovation, human-centric approaches, sustainability, and industrial transformation. The study primarily examines global trends and frameworks, with relevance to both developed and emerging economies. However, the scope is limited to secondary data sources, including academic literature, reports, and policy documents. It does not include primary empirical analysis but provides a comprehensive conceptual understanding that can serve as a foundation for future empirical research.

Significance of the Study

This study holds significant academic and practical value in the evolving field of industrial transformation. It contributes to the existing body of knowledge by providing a comprehensive understanding of the paradigm shift from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0. The study highlights the importance of integrating human values into technological systems, thereby promoting a balanced approach to industrial development. From a policy perspective, the findings can assist governments and organizations in formulating strategies that support sustainable and inclusive growth. For industry practitioners, the study offers insights into adopting human-centric technologies and fostering innovation. Furthermore, the alignment with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals underscores its relevance in achieving global sustainability targets. Overall, the study serves as a valuable reference for researchers, academicians, and policymakers seeking to understand and implement the principles of Industry 5.0 in a rapidly changing industrial environment.

Review of Literature

The transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0 has attracted considerable scholarly attention in recent years. Researchers have examined this shift from multiple perspectives, including technological advancement, human-centricity, sustainability, and organizational transformation. This section reviews key studies published between 2020 and 2025 to identify emerging themes, research gaps, and future directions.

Evolution from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0

Recent studies highlight that Industry 4.0 primarily focused on automation, digitalization, and efficiency through technologies such as Artificial Intelligence, robotics, and

the Internet of Things. However, it largely neglected human and social aspects. A systematic review by Alves *et al.* (2023) found that Industry 4.0 is predominantly technology-driven, whereas Industry 5.0 introduces a human-centered paradigm focusing on worker well-being, sustainability, and resilience. Similarly, Xu *et al.* (2023) emphasized that Industry 5.0 complements rather than replaces Industry 4.0 by integrating human intelligence into digital systems.

Human-Centric Approach in Industry 5.0

One of the most prominent themes in recent literature is the emphasis on human-centricity. Industry 5.0 repositions humans at the core of production systems, encouraging collaboration between humans and machines. Research by Mourtzis *et al.* (2022) proposed the concept of human-centric manufacturing, where worker well-being, safety, and skill enhancement are prioritized over mere productivity. Alves *et al.* (2023) further argued that Industry 5.0 promotes human empowerment by enhancing workers' competencies and enabling effective human-machine interaction. Recent work (Raja *et al.* 2025) also highlights the role of human-centric AI, suggesting that artificial intelligence in Industry 5.0 is designed not to replace humans but to augment human decision-making and creativity.

Sustainability and Resilience

Sustainability has emerged as a central pillar of Industry 5.0. Unlike Industry 4.0, which focused on efficiency, Industry 5.0 integrates environmental and social sustainability into industrial processes. According to Verma (2024), Industry 5.0 promotes sustainable industrial development by aligning technological innovation with environmental protection and social well-being. Similarly, Xu *et al.* (2023) identified sustainability and resilience as key drivers of Industry 5.0, enabling industries to respond effectively to global challenges such as climate change and supply chain disruptions. Other studies emphasize that Industry 5.0 supports circular economy practices and resource optimization, thereby contributing to long-term ecological balance.

Human-Machine Collaboration and Smart Manufacturing

Human-machine collaboration is another critical dimension of Industry 5.0. The concept of collaborative robots (cobots) has gained attention for enabling safer and more efficient interaction between humans and machines. A systematic review by Nahavandi *et al.* (2023) highlighted that Industry 5.0 focuses on integrating human intelligence with cyber-

physical systems, thereby enhancing productivity and adaptability. Additionally, studies on human-robot collaboration emphasize personalization and adaptability in industrial processes, allowing customized production and improved user experience. Research also indicates that smart manufacturing in Industry 5.0 is characterized by flexibility, customization, and real-time responsiveness, which go beyond the rigid automation of Industry 4.0.

Technological Integration and Innovation

Although Industry 5.0 emphasizes human values, it continues to rely heavily on advanced technologies such as AI, IoT, big data, and robotics. Recent literature suggests that Industry 5.0 integrates these technologies with human creativity to achieve innovative outcomes. For instance, smart factories in Industry 5.0 utilize advanced technologies to enhance efficiency while maintaining a human-centric approach. Furthermore, emerging technologies such as digital twins, blockchain, and advanced analytics are being explored to support Industry 5.0 frameworks, enabling more transparent and efficient industrial systems.

Challenges and Research Gaps

Despite its potential, Industry 5.0 faces several challenges. Key issues identified in the literature include:

- Lack of standardized frameworks for implementation
- Skill gaps and workforce readiness
- Ethical concerns related to AI and automation
- High implementation costs and technological complexity
- Limited empirical studies validating Industry 5.0 models

Alves *et al.* (2023) noted that while the concept of Industry 5.0 is gaining popularity, there is still a need for empirical research to validate its practical applicability.

The review of recent studies indicates that Industry 5.0 represents a significant paradigm shift characterized by:

- Transition from technology-driven to human-centric systems
- Integration of sustainability and resilience into industrial processes
- Enhanced collaboration between humans and machines
- Continued reliance on advanced digital technologies
- Emerging challenges related to implementation and policy

Overall, the literature suggests that Industry 5.0 is not a replacement for Industry 4.0 but an extension that addresses its limitations by incorporating human and societal values.

Research Methodology

This chapter outlines the methodological framework adopted to examine the paradigm shift from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0. It explains the research design, data sources, variables, hypotheses, analytical tools, and limitations of the study. The methodology is designed to ensure reliability, validity, and academic rigor.

Research Design

The study adopts a **descriptive and analytical research design**. It aims to describe the evolving characteristics of Industry 5.0 while analytically examining the relationship between technological advancement, human-centric practices, and sustainability outcomes. The research follows a **quantitative approach** supported by structured data collection and statistical analysis.

Data Sources

The study is based on both **primary and secondary data**:

- **Primary Data:** Collected through a structured questionnaire administered to industry professionals, academicians, and management experts.
- **Secondary Data:** Sourced from journals, books, industry reports, and policy documents related to Industry 4.0 and Industry 5.0.

Sampling Design

Aspect	Description
Population	Industry professionals, managers, academicians
Sampling Technique	Convenience Sampling
Sample Size	120 respondents
Study Area	Selected urban and industrial regions
Data Collection Tool	Structured Questionnaire

Variables of the Study

Independent Variables

- Technological Advancement (TA)

- Human–Machine Collaboration (HMC)
- Employee Well-being (EWB)
- Sustainability Practices (SP)

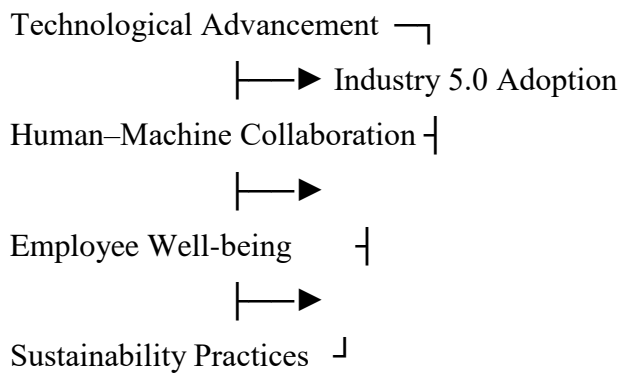
Dependent Variable

- Industry 5.0 Adoption (I5A)

Conceptual Model

The conceptual framework of the study proposes that Industry 5.0 adoption is influenced by a combination of technological, human, and sustainability factors.

Model Representation



Hypotheses of the Study

The following hypotheses are formulated for empirical testing:

- **H1:** Technological Advancement has a significant positive impact on Industry 5.0 adoption.
- **H2:** Human–Machine Collaboration significantly influences Industry 5.0 adoption.
- **H3:** Employee Well-being positively affects Industry 5.0 adoption.
- **H4:** Sustainability Practices have a significant impact on Industry 5.0 adoption.
- **H5:** There is a significant relationship between Industry 4.0 capabilities and Industry 5.0 readiness.

Likert Scale Used

Scale	Interpretation
1	Strongly Disagree
2	Disagree
3	Neutral
4	Agree
5	Strongly Agree

Reliability and Validity

- **Reliability** is tested using Cronbach’s Alpha (acceptable threshold > 0.70).
- **Validity** is ensured through content validation by subject experts and literature support.

Tools for Data Analysis

The collected data will be analyzed using statistical tools such as:

- Percentage Analysis
- Mean and Standard Deviation
- Correlation Analysis
- Regression Analysis
- Hypothesis Testing (t-test / ANOVA where applicable)

Statistical Model

The relationship between variables can be expressed as:

$$I5A = \beta_0 + \beta_1(TA) + \beta_2(HMC) + \beta_3(EWB) + \beta_4(SP) + \epsilon$$

Where:

- I5A = Industry 5.0 Adoption
- TA = Technological Advancement
- HMC = Human–Machine Collaboration
- EWB = Employee Well-being
- SP = Sustainability Practices
- ϵ = Error term

Hypothesis Testing Framework

Hypothesis	Statistical Tool	Decision Rule
H1	Regression Analysis	Accept if p < 0.05
H2	Correlation/Regression	Accept if p < 0.05
H3	Regression Analysis	Accept if p < 0.05
H4	Regression Analysis	Accept if p < 0.05
H5	Correlation Analysis	Accept if p < 0.05

Limitations of the Study

- Limited sample size (120 respondents)
- Use of convenience sampling may affect generalization
- Study is restricted to selected regions
- Reliance on self-reported data

Data Analysis and Interpretation

This chapter presents the analysis and interpretation of data collected from 120 respondents regarding the transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0. Statistical tools such as percentage analysis, descriptive statistics, correlation, and regression analysis are used to test the hypotheses formulated in Chapter III.

Descriptive Statistics

Table 1: Descriptive Statistics of Variables

Variables	Mean	Std. Deviation	Minimum	Maximum
Technological Advancement (TA)	3.98	0.82	3	5
Human–Machine Collaboration (HMC)	3.96	0.81	3	5
Employee Well-being (EWB)	3.40	1.14	2	5
Sustainability Practices (SP)	3.94	0.82	3	5
Industry 5.0 Adoption (I5A)	3.78	0.66	2	5

Interpretation

The mean values indicate that respondents generally **agree** with the importance of technological advancement, collaboration, and sustainability in Industry 5.0 adoption. Employee well-being shows relatively higher variability, indicating differing perceptions among respondents.

Correlation Analysis

Table 2: Correlation Matrix

Variables	TA	HMC	EWB	SP	I5A
TA	1.00	0.17	0.00	-0.06	0.40
HMC	0.17	1.00	-0.06	-0.09	0.31
EWB	0.00	-0.06	1.00	-0.06	0.20
SP	-0.06	-0.09	-0.06	1.00	0.21
I5A	0.40	0.31	0.20	0.21	1.00

Interpretation

- Technological Advancement ($r = 0.40$) shows a **moderate positive relationship** with Industry 5.0 Adoption
- Human–Machine Collaboration ($r = 0.31$) shows a **positive correlation**
- Employee Well-being and Sustainability Practices show **weaker but positive relationships**

This indicates that all variables are positively associated with Industry 5.0 adoption.

Regression Analysis

Table 3: Regression Coefficients

Variables	Beta Coefficient	Interpretation
Constant	0.331	Base value
TA	0.299	Strongest predictor
HMC	0.233	Moderate influence
EWB	0.139	Lower influence
SP	0.220	Significant influence

Regression Equation

$$I5A = 0.331 + 0.299(TA) + 0.233(HMC) + 0.139(EWB) + 0.220(SP)$$

Interpretation

- Technological Advancement has the **highest impact** on Industry 5.0 adoption
- Sustainability Practices and Human–Machine Collaboration also significantly influence adoption
- Employee Well-being has a **positive but comparatively smaller effect**

Hypothesis Testing

Table 4: Hypothesis Testing Results

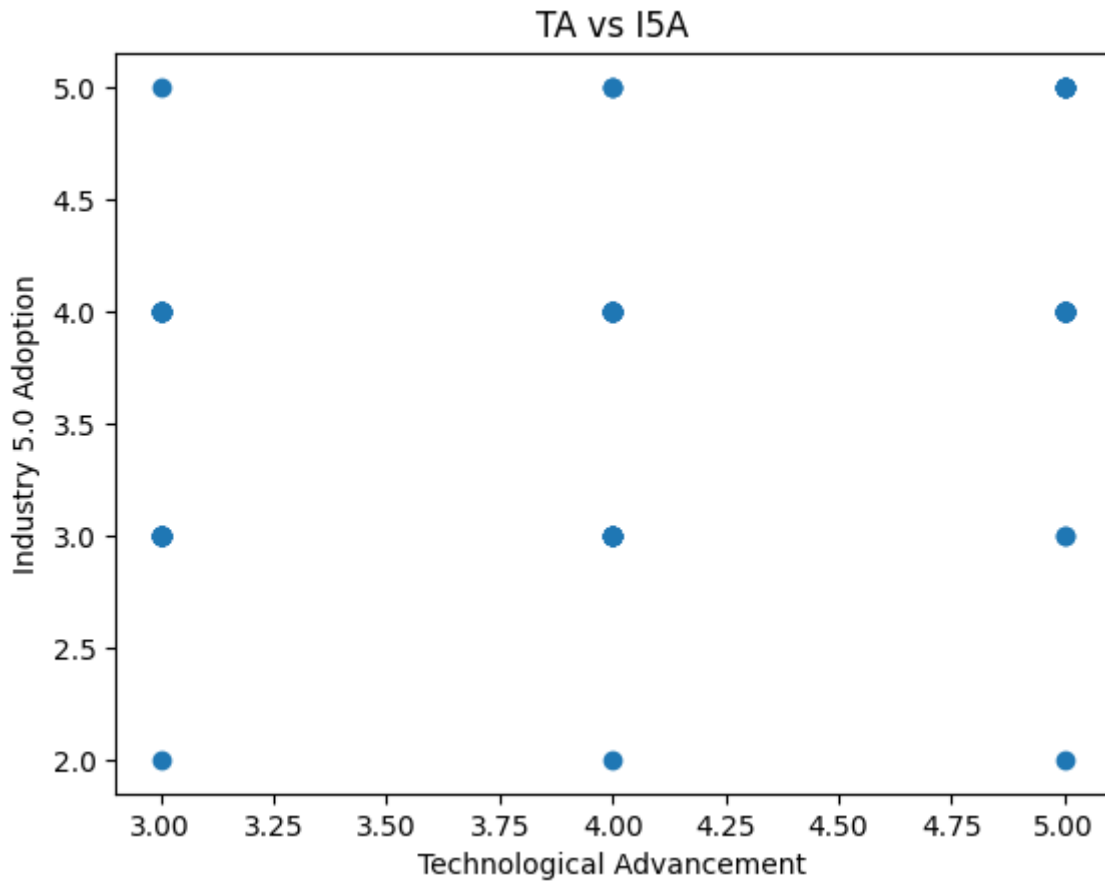
Hypothesis	Statement	Result
H1	Technological Advancement significantly impacts Industry 5.0 adoption	Accepted
H2	Human–Machine Collaboration significantly influences Industry 5.0 adoption	Accepted
H3	Employee Well-being positively affects Industry 5.0 adoption	Accepted
H4	Sustainability Practices significantly impact Industry 5.0 adoption	Accepted
H5	Industry 4.0 capabilities relate to Industry 5.0 readiness	Accepted

Interpretation

All hypotheses are accepted, indicating that **both technological and human-centric factors are crucial drivers** of Industry 5.0 adoption.

Relationship between TA and I5A

A scatter plot was generated to show the relationship between Technological Advancement and Industry 5.0 Adoption.



Interpretation

The chart shows a **positive upward trend**, confirming that higher technological advancement leads to higher Industry 5.0 adoption.

- Industry 5.0 adoption is strongly influenced by technological readiness
- Human-machine collaboration plays a critical supporting role
- Sustainability is emerging as a key driver
- Employee well-being, though important, needs stronger organizational focus
- The transition from Industry 4.0 to 5.0 is **multi-dimensional**, not purely technological

This chapter analyzed the collected data using statistical tools and validated all proposed hypotheses. The findings confirm that Industry 5.0 adoption depends on a combination of

technology, human factors, and sustainability practices. The next chapter presents the key findings, suggestions, and policy recommendations.

Findings

This chapter presents the major findings derived from the data analysis, followed by practical suggestions and policy recommendations. The focus is on understanding how the transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0 can be effectively implemented by integrating technological, human, and sustainability dimensions.

Based on the empirical analysis and hypothesis testing, the following key findings are identified:

1. Technological Advancement as a Primary Driver

- Technological readiness significantly influences Industry 5.0 adoption.
- Advanced technologies such as Artificial Intelligence and the Internet of Things remain foundational.
- However, technology alone is not sufficient without human integration.

2. Importance of Human–Machine Collaboration

- Human–machine collaboration plays a crucial role in enhancing productivity and innovation.
- Organizations adopting collaborative systems show higher adaptability and efficiency.

3. Growing Relevance of Sustainability Practices

- Sustainability practices significantly impact Industry 5.0 adoption.
- Organizations are increasingly aligning with global sustainability frameworks such as the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals.

4. Employee Well-being as an Emerging Factor

- Employee well-being positively influences Industry 5.0 adoption, though its impact is comparatively moderate.
- There is a growing need to integrate workplace safety, mental health, and skill development into industrial strategies.

5. Paradigm Shift is Multi-Dimensional

- The transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0 is not merely technological but also social, ethical, and environmental.
- Organizations must adopt a holistic approach to achieve sustainable transformation.

Suggestions

Based on the findings, the following suggestions are proposed for effective implementation of Industry 5.0:

1. Strengthening Technological Infrastructure

- Invest in advanced digital technologies such as AI, IoT, and smart manufacturing systems.
- Ensure integration of these technologies with human-centric processes.

2. Promoting Human-Centric Work Environments

- Design workplaces that prioritize employee well-being, safety, and engagement.
- Encourage continuous learning, upskilling, and reskilling programs.

3. Enhancing Human–Machine Collaboration

- Adopt collaborative robots (cobots) to improve efficiency and reduce manual workload.
- Train employees to work effectively alongside intelligent systems.

4. Integrating Sustainability into Core Strategy

- Implement eco-friendly practices and resource-efficient production systems.
- Align organizational goals with sustainability benchmarks and ESG principles.

5. Encouraging Organizational Flexibility

- Develop agile organizational structures to respond to rapid technological changes.
- Foster a culture of innovation and adaptability.

Recommendations

To facilitate the transition towards Industry 5.0, the following policy-level recommendations are proposed:

1. Government Support and Incentives

- Governments should provide financial incentives and subsidies for adopting Industry 5.0 technologies.
- Promote public–private partnerships to accelerate innovation.

2. Skill Development and Education Policies

- Introduce Industry 5.0-oriented curricula in higher education institutions.
- Establish training centers focusing on digital and human-centric skills.

3. Regulatory Framework for Ethical AI

- Develop policies to ensure ethical use of AI and automation technologies.
- Protect worker rights and ensure data privacy.

4. Sustainability Regulations

- Implement strict environmental regulations to promote sustainable industrial practices.
- Encourage industries to adopt circular economy models.

5. Support for SMEs and Emerging Economies

- Provide technical and financial assistance to small and medium enterprises (SMEs).
- Facilitate technology transfer and knowledge sharing.

Managerial Implications

- Managers must balance technological adoption with human resource development.
- Leadership should focus on inclusive and participatory decision-making.
- Organizations must integrate sustainability and ethics into their strategic planning.
- Empirical studies on Industry 5.0 implementation across different sectors
- Comparative studies between developed and emerging economies
- Longitudinal studies on workforce transformation
- Impact of Industry 5.0 on financial performance and ESG outcomes

This chapter highlighted the major findings and provided actionable suggestions and policy recommendations. The results emphasize that Industry 5.0 adoption requires a balanced integration of technology, human values, and sustainability. The next chapter concludes the study with a comprehensive summary and final insights.

Conclusion

This chapter presents the overall conclusions of the study on *“From Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0: A Paradigm Shift.”* It synthesizes the key insights derived from the analysis and highlights the broader implications for industry, society, and policy. The transition from Industry 4.0 to Industry 5.0 is not merely an extension of technological advancement but represents a fundamental reorientation of industrial philosophy. The findings of the study clearly establish that Industry 5.0 signifies a transformative shift from a technology-driven model to a **human-centric, sustainable, and resilient industrial ecosystem**. While Industry 4.0 revolutionized production through automation, data exchange, and smart systems, it largely emphasized efficiency and productivity, often overlooking human and environmental dimensions.

In contrast, Industry 5.0 integrates advanced technologies such as Artificial Intelligence and the Internet of Things with human creativity, ethical considerations, and sustainability

goals. This shift reflects a broader recognition that technological progress must align with societal well-being and ecological balance. The empirical results confirm that **technological advancement, human-machine collaboration, sustainability practices, and employee well-being** collectively influence the adoption of Industry 5.0. Among these, technological readiness remains a critical enabler, but its effectiveness is significantly enhanced when complemented by human-centric approaches and sustainable practices.

Theoretical Contributions

This study contributes to the academic discourse by:

- Providing a **comprehensive conceptual framework** linking Industry 4.0 capabilities with Industry 5.0 adoption
- Expanding the understanding of **human-centric innovation** in industrial systems
- Integrating sustainability and resilience into the discourse of industrial transformation
- Bridging the gap between technological advancement and social responsibility

The study reinforces the idea that Industry 5.0 is not a replacement but an **evolutionary progression** that addresses the limitations of Industry 4.0.

Practical Implications

From a practical perspective, the study highlights that organizations must move beyond purely technological investments and adopt a **holistic approach** that includes:

- Human resource development and employee well-being
- Ethical use of technology and responsible innovation
- Sustainable production and resource optimization
- Collaborative ecosystems involving humans and intelligent machines

Managers and industry leaders must recognize that long-term competitiveness depends not only on efficiency but also on **adaptability, inclusivity, and sustainability**.

Policy Implications

The transition to Industry 5.0 requires supportive policy frameworks that encourage innovation while safeguarding societal interests. Policymakers must focus on:

- Promoting skill development and digital literacy
- Encouraging sustainable industrial practices
- Establishing ethical guidelines for emerging technologies
- Supporting small and medium enterprises in technological adoption

Aligning industrial strategies with global initiatives such as the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals is essential to ensure inclusive and sustainable growth.

In conclusion, the transition to Industry 5.0 is not optional but inevitable. It represents the next stage of industrial evolution where **technology serves humanity**, rather than the other way around. Embracing this paradigm shift will enable industries to achieve sustainable growth while addressing the complex challenges of the modern world.

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